

# THE TIMES.

VOL. II.—NO. 42.

MOOSE JAW, N. W. T., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1891.

Price 5 cents.

T. W. ROBINSON.

**BARGAINS! :- BARGAINS!**

We have placed on our counters a Job Lot of **BOOTS and SHOES** which we will sell at Less than Cost to clear out and make room for new stock.

SEE OUR

LADIES' SLIPPERS at	25 Cts. Cash.
MISSES' BOOTS at	50 " "
" " " "	75 " "
" " " "	1.00 " "
LADIES' BOOTS at	75 " "
" " " "	1.00 " "
BOY'S LONG BOOTS at	75 " "

Most of these Goods are Felt Lined, just the thing for this weather.

We have a Lot of Ladie's Button Boots at \$2.60 which we will sell at \$1.25.

Call early they will not last long at THOSE PRICES.

T. W. ROBINSON.

LIVERY, FEED

and Sale Stable.

Rigs of all Descriptions Supplied on Shortest Notice.

BALED HAY ALWAYS ON HAND.

WM. WALSH.

**CHANGED HANDS.**

Having purchased the Butcher Business of Mr. H. Ferguson, I desire to announce to the citizens of Moose Jaw and vicinity, that the business will be carried on in the old stand, and under the management of Mr. A. W. Wright, an experienced butcher. We hope our customers will find a full line of

Fresh Meats.

Fish, Etc.,

Game in Season.

J. H. ANNABLE.

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First-class workmanship Guaranteed.

SEYMOUR N. De P. GREEN, Agent for North Western Masonic Aid Association, of Chicago—Sixteenth year—The Largest, most Prosperous and Best. 48,153 Certificates in force on March 1st, 1889. Division A, Benefit \$2,500... Frs... \$12.00. " B " 5,000... " 17.00. " C " 1,000... " 10.00. " D " 1,500... " 11.00. Open to Masons and non-Masons.

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H. JACKMAN, Proprietor

To the Editor of the TIMES.

Dear sir—I have been requested by several parties to publish the Memorials I drafted by request re. N. West school Grants and Dom. Land Laws etc. If it is not a breach of etiquette to the authorities addressed, you will I believe, confer a favor on your numerous readers by doing so.

Yours truly,

Wm Watson.

Moose Jaw, Feb. 17th 1891.

To the

George E. Foster, D. C. L.,

Minister of Finance, Ottawa.

HON. SIR:

THE PETITION OF THE UNDERSIGNED SCHOOL TRUSTEES AND RESIDENT RATEPAYERS IN THE MOOSE JAW SCHOOL DISTRICTS, HUMBLY SHOWETH:—

"That during the last year two circulars have been addressed to all School Boards in the North West by his Hon. Lieutenant Governor Royal re. curtailment of School Grants in the North West, in the last of which they are especially warned, that a reduction of the Dominion Grant to the North West is so imminent that final financial arrangements should be postponed, and teachers not hired for more than six months, etc., until after the forthcoming Session of Parliament and the views of the Dominion Government shall be ascertained."

Therefore, your petitioners humbly, but earnestly, represent:—

"That our North West School Ordinance in so far as its financial clauses are concerned is admirably adapted to our peculiar circumstances, and solves in a remarkably effective manner, the difficulties surrounding the educational interests of the North West. Difficulties arising or due, in part to the sparsity of settlement and uncertainty and severity of our winter climate; but in a greater degree to the fact that more than one-half of the land is exempt from taxation, and likely to continue to be exempt for many years to come. A state of things which demands a much larger proportionate Teachers' grant for our schools, than is necessary in the Eastern Provinces."

That as a further result of sparsity of settlement and of more than one-half of the land being exempt from taxation, our school districts are much larger than the average school districts in the East, being five miles square and that partly in consequence of the longer distances necessary to be travelled by our scholars, the uncertainty and severity of our winters, and lack of shelter on the open prairie, our schools have practically been closed during the winter months, or nearly one-half of the year.

That the experience of about seven years of our school system, has painfully demonstrated, that children attending school in the summer and autumn months only, can not acquire during the ordinary school years an education sufficiently liberal to fit them to battle successfully with the problems and duties of modern life.

That the situation is aggravated by the fact, also becoming apparent, that good teachers cannot afford to remain in the rural districts of the North West in consequence of being only employed a little more than one-half of the year.

That our school system as at present carried on is proving itself as ineffective to accomplish its beneficent purposes and ends, as a wagon with three wheels with the axle of the fourth trailing on the ground, is unsuited for ordinary hauling purposes.

That the defects of our school system have so manifested themselves to our Boards of Education, School Inspectors, Trustees, Parents and Guardians, that the North West Legislative Assembly has passed and added an amendment to our School Ordinance at its last Session, empowering trustees to erect and maintain stables in connection with our schools, that children may be driven to and from school, thus creating and adding to North West school expenses new, troublesome and costly burdens, entirely unknown in the Eastern Provinces or older countries.

That in addition to the above, we would draw your attention to the marked contrast between the cost of Pioneer School Houses in the Eastern Province

and Western Prairies. Whereas in the east the foundation, walls, roof, floor, seats, etc., of their pioneer school-houses, in fact almost everything except the windows and desks (as many yet living can testify) were furnished gratis by volunteer labor from the surrounding forest, while the cost on the prairie reaches far into the hundreds, and is so much beyond our present circumstances, that an assessment is usually levied and fixed for ten years to meet the cost of our pioneer schools, on all taxable property within the school districts, besides that teachers' salaries range higher than in the East, and water and fuel amount to a considerable item in current expenditures.

That while our best thanks are due and are hereby unstintingly given to his Honor Governor Royal for his prompt action (in response to representations made by trustees) in pressing our claims last year, for a supplementary grant of \$30,000 and in an especial manner to the Honorable Minister of Finance for recommending, and to the Dominion Government for granting it. We would earnestly represent:—"That all the circumstances surrounding the North West educational problem, point to the necessity of an increase, rather than to a reduction of the Dominion Grant to North West Schools."

And your petitioners humbly, but hopefully pray, that you shall thus represent the matter to the Right Honorable Sir John A. Macdonald and his Cabinet, and that the well known high esteem with which you regard Teachers' and education, shall weigh with you, in conjunction with the reasonableness and justice and high National importance of our request to lend the influence of your exalted name and commanding position as Minister of Finance, to secure a favorable answer to our petition. And your petitioners, as in duty bound, shall ever pray.

To the

Hon. Edgar Dewdney, M. P.,

Minister of the Interior.

DEAR SIR:

THE FARMERS OF MOOSE JAW DISTRICT IN PUBLIC MEETING ASSEMBLED, BEG TO THANK YOU VERY CORDIALLY FOR YOUR GRACIOUS REPLY TO THEIR MEMORIAL OF LAST YEAR PRESENTED THROUGH BENJAMIN SMITH, ESQ., PRESIDENT OF THE MOOSE JAW AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY, J. N. McDONALD, SECRETARY, AND MESSRS. S. K. RATHWELL AND WM. WATSON.

We respectfully desire again to approach you and renew requests in connection with our interests.

We thank you sincerely for your promise re. the prairie fire protection bill that it shall be re-introduced at the approaching Session of Parliament, and would most respectfully represent, that the Bill as returned from the Senate with the penalty clause struck out, shall fail in its main purpose, and ask that the said "penalty clause" be re-inserted in the Bill, and that the influence of the Government be exercised to make it law. Much of the future prosperity of the North West being bound up with, and dependent on, its passage and enforcement.

We regret the stand you have taken re. Second Homesteads. Believing as we do, that all settlers who perfected their entries between May 25th, 1883, and June 2nd, 1886, "when the second Homestead Act was repealed," and who completed their homestead duties in accordance with the Land Laws, are entitled to, and should receive a Second Homestead entry, or in lieu thereof a just and satisfactory equivalent in a reduction of their pre-emption payments.

With regard to your answer to our third request, viz:—"That we be granted a release of our obligation to pay interest on our pre-emptions for three years, and a reduction of interest from six to four per cent. per annum." We would remind you, that we based our request on the promise made by the late lamented Hon. Thos. White, while on his tour of inspection in the North West, in the fall of 1885, to the effect that sensible relief would be granted North West settlers; and which promise was supposed to be fulfilled in the orders-in-council passed July 7th, 1886, and April 25th, 1887, by which a release of three years interest was granted, provided that \$100.00 was paid within six months after the last named date, and the balance of the pre-emption

cost in three equal annual instalments. That this measure of relief although universally regarded as disappointingly small and inadequate, was rendered practically null and void, by the conditions attached thereto as above stated. Because the total failure of the crop of 1886, following the more than partial failures of the three preceding years, rendered impossible the payment of the first installment due in the fall of 1887, and thus the opportunity of paying for our pre-emptions without interest was lost to the vast majority of settlers. The net result being that a very few who were rich, and not in need, received the benefit, while the many who were poor received none. And thus the benign purpose of the Government to help the poor settler came to naught, and the promise of the late lamented Hon. Thos. White, remains practically unfulfilled.

In this connection we would urge as an additional reason why a release of three years interest, etc., should be granted, viz:—"That the cost attendant on pioneer settlement in the North West exceeded the cost entailed on later settlers, by an amount in excess, or more than the whole price of pre-emptions, through the high cost of transit, provisions, lumber, seed, farm implements, etc., or in other words, had the pioneers got their pre-emptions for nothing, they would still have expended more money than later settlers, though required to pay for their pre-emptions in full.

And in addition to the foregoing we particularly draw your attention to the subjoined letter, "true copy."

To the Editor of the Leader.

SIR—In your paper of this date, a correspondent who signs himself "Homesteader" states that interest is charged on pre-emptions "from the time you were entitled to apply for your Patent, but did not do so," which is erroneous as interest is only charged after six months from the date of recommendation for Patent has elapsed. Will you please give this a corner of your next issue.

Yours truly,

WM. H. STEVENSON,

Agent Dom. Lands.

Regina, Jan. 27th, 1891.

We can assure you that the above letter has given unbounded satisfaction, and we plead that those who fulfilled their settlement duties without let or hindrance and applied for their Patents without delay be placed in at least a favorable position as the above class, many of whom are several years behind in applying for their Patents, otherwise a premium will be placed on non-fulfillment of homestead duties, and a great wrong inflicted on a large and most deserving class of settlers.

And we would further inform you that last season's crop is below the average, that it was greatly damaged with rain and frost, that the price has fallen from 80 cents, to an average of 40 cents per bushel, thus utterly precluding many from paying any part of their pre-emption dues, and very seriously crippling all. We therefore press for a further extension of time to pay for our pre-emptions which the large surplus in the Dominion Treasury will, we hope enable you to grant, and that no resident settler shall be dispossessed of his pre-emption in consequence of present inability to meet his payments, and that Wm. H. Stevenson, Esq., Dom. Land Agent be authorized to receive and credit any sum, however small, forwarded by any resident settler to the land office as part payment of his pre-emption.

That in the opinion of your petitioners the regulation which henceforth will give the amount paid for improvements by an incoming settler on cancelled homesteads to the Government, instead of the pioneer, whose labor the improvements are, is wanting alike in justice and policy.

And lastly we would draw your attention to the important changes recently inaugurated in the administration of the Land Laws whereby pre-emptions shall not be reserved as formerly for three years without the payment of principal or interest, but instead thereof, that all settlers taking pre-emptions must pay \$100.00 at the time of their homestead entry, and the balance in three equal annual instalments with interest.

We believe that although not yet felt or seen, the effects of the above change will be far reaching, and as injurious as far reaching, for the following reasons:—

1st. Very many settlers, otherwise in every way desirable, cannot pay \$100.00 in advance when entry is made, and will be forced to take up homesteads only, in the hope that in a very

few years they can pay for a pre-emption out of the profits of their homestead. But before they can do so their pre-emptions shall be homesteaded by others similarly situated as themselves, thus leaving all such settlers no alternative "if within the R. R. belts as nearly all settlers will be for many years to come," but to purchase part of an adjoining section from the C. P. R. other R. R. Co's., or land speculators. That the present average price of R. R. land is about double the price of the Government pre-emptions. That the above change will greatly increase the demand for odd sections and will inevitably largely increase the price. That settlers will consequently have to pay from \$700 to \$1,000 or more for their pre-emptions, instead of \$100.00 as at present.

2nd. That besides the loss to the settlers, every pre-emption homesteaded shall be an average loss in principal and interest to the Dominion Government of about \$200.00, leaving little or no income to the Dominion Government from millions of acres within the R. R. belts.

3rd. That a vast sum of money which in a decade may foot up to millions of dollars, will as a result of the said change of policy be removed from the country, and yet not go into the Dominion Treasury, causing a contraction in circulation of money in the North West that will be as permanent as injurious, seriously if not disastrously affecting every department of trade and commerce, hurtful alike to the business man, the mechanic, and the labourer, in addition to the excessive burdens it will entail on the farming community already too heavily handicapped, and on whom, in a great measure, the prosperity of all others in the North West depends.

4th. That while we bear willing testimony to the unsurpassed, magnificent services rendered by the C. P. R., "a railway which might with great propriety be termed The Imperial Highway," to the North West and the whole Dominion, and express our gratitude that in exporting our main staple, wheat, we are given the benefit of the long haul, and are in consequence thrown from three to four hundred miles to the front; and rejoice at the extraordinary, ever increasing favorable weekly published financial results, we cannot but protest against a change in the Government Land Policy, that will add immensely to the already overflowing coffers of the C. P. R., at the expense, and to the detriment of every other interest in the North West, including the Dominion Treasury as well.

That we therefore having the best interests of the North West and Dominion at heart, and being fully persuaded from seven or more years experience, "and which every recurring season demonstrates more clearly," that mixed farming is an absolute necessity to success in the North West, and that it cannot be profitably carried on without 320 acres of land or a homestead, and pre-emption, earnestly advise a return to the original homestead and pre-emption law.

And gravely to consider whether a reduction in the price per acre of the Government pre-emptions, would not promote immigration, fill up the millions of acres of waste lands, and prove a blessing to the whole Dominion.

And your petitioners as in duty bound shall ever pray.

An Outcast of Fortune.

The sound of a fearful racket came from up stairs, and went up. Tom was giving Jim bodily injury to the best of his ability.

"Here, here, what's the matter! Ain't you ashamed of yourself, Thomas, for striking your little brother! Oh for shame!"

"Well, he made me mad. Because he's got another big boil on his neck he said you wouldn't let him go to school to-day, and that the circus was going to be here this afternoon. He's getting all the boils and I don't get none. I wish there was no circus. I never did have my share of fun in this house."

A Fine Child.

Caller—And this is the new baby.  
Fond mother—Isn't he splendid!  
Caller—Yes, indeed.  
Fond mother—And so bright! See how intelligently he breathes!



## NOTICE !

Parties indebted to the TIMES OFFICE will kindly call and settle all accounts with B. E. Rothwell, who is authorized to collect the same.

J. N. McDONALD

The Moose Jaw Times.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1891.

### OUR SENATOR.

We must be very ignorant, indeed, for only the other day did we learn that the Hon. Senator Perley was our representative in the Senate. There is an excuse for this, however, when we are reminded that we have never seen the genial face of our Senator amongst us, and never yet have we learned that he has interested himself in any measure for the development of our district. We have become cognizant of Senator Perley's interest in Eastern Assiniboia, and we are loyal enough to believe that we need only to call his attention to the fact that he belongs to us as well as the eastern part of the provincial district, to cause him to visit us.

We would like to see him occasionally and hear from him as to the good things he is planning for us. A few weeks ago he attended a meeting in the interests of a railroad from Wolsley to Fort Qu'Appelle, which we were led to believe he did not as a private citizen, but as Senator. We extend our Senator the right hand of fellowship and request him to pay us a visit, that he may know something of the country and people he represents. We shall then have something to say by way of pointing out how he may be of service to us.

A meeting of the Farmers Institute was held at Jas. Ostrander's Hall last Friday, which was well attended by the Farmers and general public. A long memorial, re. Homesteads was adopted with instructions that it be printed and distributed. A discussion took place about the printing of the memorials. We are glad to learn that only a few favored the printing being done outside the town. The fact ignored by societies and individuals that the receive a good deal of gratuitous advertising similar to that which we are now giving in this article. The Farmers Institute receives the assistance of an occasional reporter from the Times office, who faithfully records matters of importance which are transacted, and these are printed in the columns of our paper, by which means all the members, who were not present at any meeting can learn what was done. If this record was not kept in the paper the minutes would require to be printed or a circular letter sent to each member which would entail a good deal of expense. No compensation whatever is given for this work. Again, we are acting justly to all farmers and others knowing full well that they have to pay more for what they buy, therefore cannot sell their produce as cheaply as in the East, and we have to pay more for all we buy, consequently we must charge more for what we do. We do not charge exorbitant rates, but are willing to live and let live. Besides we have to pay cash for what we buy and when accounts due us are not paid when due, it means simply that we must pay interest. It is a wrong principle to follow, that because the charges are slightly more than may be made in some other places, a change must be made. If the people were to follow that doctrine, our home industries would be destroyed, our stores would soon be closed and those dependent upon the mechanics and store keepers would be compelled to elsewhere. This would not be the best plan, as we always find people rejecting at the establishment of any new industry.

The C. P. R. company have issued a series of tastefully designed and handsomely illustrated pamphlets treating of the resources and advantage of the Canadian North West, as a field for colonization. The series comprises the following:—Dairy farming and Ranching, 100 farmers testify, The Canadian North West, Free Farmers, a Scotch farmers success, and British Columbia, forming a valuable collection.

## THE CONVENTION.

The convention of the Liberal Conservatives of Western Assiniboia, was held in Campbell's Hall on Saturday last. The hall was crowded to the door. President Hopkins called the convention to order shortly after 10 o'clock, and said "it was for this convention to either sanction or condemn his action in the matter of calling a convention."

Mr. J. G. Gordon moved that Mr. Hopkins' course in calling this convention be approved.

Mr. Davin said he would second that if it were added that the convention should represent all parts of the riding.

Mr. Grison said he would accept this, and afterwards changed it so that the second would not accept it and a long discussion arose.

Mr. Davin spoke strongly against the idea that the convention, composed of delegates from only five points, represented Western Assiniboia.

Mr. Tweed made a speech in which he said he believed in fair play and that all parts should have representation, but he charged that Mr. Davin had not objected to this at the last convention because it was in his favor, and that Mr. Davin wanted to ignore this convention.

After some further discussion, the following gentlemen were appointed a committee on resolutions: Messrs. W. C. Saunders, D. Mowat, J. Secord, L. Dobbin, W. F. Knight, W. Cousins, and J. G. Gordon.

Messrs. Saunders and Secord moved the adoption of the report of the committee on resolutions.

Mr. Gordon moved in amendment that the representatives from the Valley, Loon Creek and Heilmann be excluded because they were not invited, and that G. Enquiries, having sent a power of attorney be allowed to vote by proxy. He said the original basis gave a certain balance of power which should not be disturbed. If it was, he said he, for one, would not act.

Mr. W. C. Saunders was opposed to proxies on principle.

Mr. Knight and others opposed proxies.

Mr. Abbott rose frequently and attacked Mr. Davin.

Mr. Davin moved in amendment to the amendment that the statement that any arrangement had been authoritatively made to call a convention representing Western Assiniboia be incorrect and misleading, and that it is hereby resolved that all properly qualified delegates be accepted. He spoke strongly in support of this, contending that the large farming settlements around Regina, Buffalo Lake and elsewhere should be represented.

Mr. Annable opposed this; Mr. MacCaul supported it; also Mr. Mowat and Mr. Holden.

There was considerable discussion on a point of order as to who should be entitled to vote. There were some heavy shots fired on both sides. It was finally settled by the President, and his decision was received with tremendous cheers from the whole convention. Mr. Hopkins ruled that as 40 delegates had elected him, only 40 delegates would be allowed to vote to add to their number, and those who were not delegates would not be allowed to vote themselves into the convention. The chairman left it to the 38 delegates whether the extra six should be admitted, and it was carried in the affirmative by 24 to 13.

AFTER RECESS.

Mr. Knight nominated N. F. Davin as a fit and proper person to represent Western Assiniboia in the House of Commons.

Mr. Barton seconded.

Mr. Cousins nominated Thos. Tweed, seconded by Mr. Annable.

The two candidates pledged themselves to abide by the convention's decision.

The vote was then taken, resulting in 25 for Davin and 19 for Tweed. Mr. Davin's nomination was then made unanimous, on motion of Mr. Baker, one of the Moose Jaw delegates.

Mr. Davin thanked them and spoke at some length on several important subjects. He hoped now all feeling would become a thing of the past. He thanked Mr. Tweed and his friends for so readily falling into line after the first vote. He outlined some of the reforms he intended to press for during the forthcoming session.

He promised to support, or if necessary, move a clause to the N. W. T. Act giving the Assembly power to deal with the question of prohibition re. license, dwell on the unsatisfactory and un-British nature of the present liquor system; said if liquor sellers were licensed they would be the best possible detective; promised also to use his influence for responsible government as against any hybrid system where the control would be in irresponsible hands; said when the census was taken it would be seen we were entitled to a hundred or a hundred and fifty thousand dollars more than we get; went at length into the question of artesian well at Moose Jaw, Medicine Hat, Dunmore, Pease, south of Regina, and elsewhere, mentioning that he had a letter from Mr. Dewdney promising that the whole thing would be gone into as soon as the results of the experiment at Deloraine was obtained; and after a practical and humorous speech sat down loudly cheered.

Mr. Tweed was received with cheers. He said he felt, after the very eloquent address they had just heard from their member elect, (cheers) it perhaps would be taxing their patience for him to make any lengthy remarks. He thanked his friends for their support, assured them he had not the slightest ill will against any person in the room; said he was on the same platform with Mr. Davin on North West public matters, especially with regard to their system of government; and finished by saying Mr. Davin would have his hearty and loyal support. (Cheers.)

At the close of the convention Mr. Hopkins was again elected President without a dissenting voice, and it was resolved by the whole convention giving three cheers for Mr. Hopkins, that he had performed his part in an able and impartial manner. In the evening an adjourned meeting was held and complete arrangements made for the working of the Western Assiniboia Liberal-Conservative Association.

## TERRITORIAL EXHIBITION

### An Important Letter From Senator Perley.

From the Regina Standard.

We stated in our last issue that Senator Perley was in communication with the Agricultural Society here. The matter, we are pleased to know, is developing satisfactorily and rapidly. Below is Secretary Hamilton's letter to Mr. Perley, and the Senator's stirring address to all concerned:

"Regina, N. W. T., Jan. 31st, 1891.

Dear Mr. PERLEY—

I have been directed by the members of Assiniboia Agricultural Society, who held their annual meeting today, to write and inform you that the Society will guarantee the necessary buildings for the proposed Territorial Exhibition to be held here.

Yours faithfully,  
W. C. HENDERSON.

To the people of the North West Territories:

It is not necessary for me to enlarge on the great advantage a Territorial Exhibition would be to our country. You can readily imagine the great benefits to be derived from such a meeting. Arrangements could be made by which visitors from all parts of the globe could attend the exhibition and see the products of our great country at a small expense and a great saving of time. The inducements for attendance would be such that a very large number of persons would attend, once they could see our magnificent stock raised on grass alone, as well as the superiority of the other exhibits, this country is capable of producing, the impression made on their minds would be so favorable that many would remain and others would return and adopt this country as their future home.

In looking over the situation for a suitable place to hold the exhibition, Regina, the capital of the Territories, at once struck me as the most suitable in all respects as the place to hold the first exhibition. That concluded, I felt, to make a start, it was necessary that the town in which the exhibition is to be held be required to furnish building accommodation, in view of the benefits that the town would indirectly receive from the holding of such exhibition. I accordingly wrote the Mayor of Regina on the subject, and said, if they would furnish such buildings as would be required free, I would endeavor to see what could be done in the way of holding the exhibition. The Regina people have at last informed me by letter that they will furnish the necessary building accommodation which letter I publish above. Now that the building accommodation is assured, which is a most important factor in the exhibition, I propose to show you how I have thought the balance of the funds required could and should be raised. First then, there are 30 Agricultural Societies in the North West Territories. Each Society should contribute \$100.00 in cash. That will make in all \$3,000.00. The C. P. R. Co. would certainly convey to and from the Exhibition all exhibits at a greatly reduced rate, which rate should be paid by the Dominion Government. Then Hon. Mr. Carling, whose beautiful hand has never been closed against the farmers of Canada, would I am certain, grant \$3,000.00 to supplement the \$3,000.00 given by the Societies, making \$9,000.00 for prize money. The entrance fees, together with the door and gate money would make enough to pay all expenses incidental to the exhibition. Such is my scheme for raising the necessary funds.

While I may be the first to move in the matter, I wish it to be distinctly understood that it is the people's business, and so soon as it can be brought sufficiently before the people for them to organize and take hold of it, I will gladly have them do so. My present idea is that as soon as I can get word from the several Societies, which I am now writing re the matter, if they res-

pond favorably, I shall then consider a sufficient start has been made to warrant the appointment of committees to manage and hold the exhibition. I would suggest that at the proper time every Society should appoint one committee-man, which would make in all thirty of a managing committee that might be subdivided to suit. This would give every Society and sections due share of influence and control of the exhibition.

I may say the above is a rough outline of my views on the exhibition, subject to such amendments and suggestions in detail as will be necessary for the success of the undertaking.

From the first moment of my residence, and particularly during the past five years that I have been in the country, and have had to do with public affairs, I have spared neither time nor pains to do all I could to advance the best interest of the people of the North West Territories. I may add that I was largely instrumental in getting the magnificent grant of \$10,000 from the Dominion Government for the Agricultural Societies, which has done so much to the Societies over the difficulties they have had to contend against in their early history. I now think the Societies are sufficiently prosperous and patriotic to cheerfully grant the \$100.00 I suggest. They should, for they, by so doing, will have the chance of competing for that, and I hope an additional \$100.00 in the pool of \$6,000.00. Had the Regina people taken immediate action on my first communication, I would have been in time to have brought the matter to the notice of the distinguished "thirteen" legislators, and no doubt would have been able to have induced them to have taken hold of the matter financially, and thus saved me the course I am now pursuing.

In conclusion, allow me to say that I am inspired by the best of motives, and that if I had taken any undue responsibility on myself in this affair, it was to bring the matter before the people. "Someone has to move in all things, first," and at the earliest possible moment I will have the matter handed over to the people and place my services at their disposal gratuitously. I would further solicit the support of all classes of citizens of our great North West, and particularly the Members of the House of Commons, who can do more, and no doubt will, to assist the enterprise than any one else.

Yours faithfully,  
W. D. PERLEY.

Wolsley, Feb. 10th, 1891.

NAPOLEON'S HEAD—Napoleon's head was of peculiar shape, but that did not protect him against headache. Such headache is a common and very disagreeable affliction which may be cured by the use of the great remedy, the use of Burdock Blood Bitters, the never-failing medicine for all kinds of headache.



## DOMINION OF CANADA. GOVERNMENT NOTICE.

By the Honorable EDGAR DEWDNEY, Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.

To all to whom these presents may come, or whom the same may in anywise concern—GREETING:

WHEREAS in and by the Act of the Parliament of Great Britain, bearing the Great Seal of Great Britain, and intituled "An Act respecting Indians," amongst other things enacted, that the Superintendent General of Indian Affairs may, when he considers it in the public interest to do so, prohibit by public notice to that effect, the sale, gift, disposal to any Indian in the Province of Manitoba or in any part thereof, or in the North West Territories or in any part thereof, of any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge; and any person who after such notice, without the permission in writing of the Superintendent General, sells or gives, or in any other manner conveys to any Indian in the Province of Manitoba, or in any part thereof, or in the North West Territories or in any part thereof, of any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge, shall incur a penalty of not more than two hundred dollars or shall be liable to imprisonment for a term of not more than six months, or to both fine and imprisonment within the limits aforesaid, at the discretion of the Court before which the conviction is had.

NOW KNOW YE, that I, the said Honorable Edgar Dewdney, Superintendent General of Indian Affairs, considering it to be in the public interest to do so, and having reference to the provisions of the said Act, do hereby give public notice that the sale, gift, or other disposal to any Indian in the Province of Manitoba, or in any part thereof, or in the North West Territories or in any part thereof, of any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge, is hereby prohibited, and that the same prohibition is hereby extended to the Indians of Manitoba, and that every person who, without the permission in writing of the Superintendent General of Indian Affairs for the time being, conveys to any Indian in the North West Territories or in any part thereof, or in the Province of Manitoba, or in any part thereof, of any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge, shall incur the penalties provided by the said Act.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name at my office in the City of Ottawa, this Twenty-seventh day of January, 1891.

EDGAR DEWDNEY,  
Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.

STAYED—Into this vicinity, last fall, and are now training my horse on light bay horse and one gray horse, branded M on right shoulder.

R. F. MANLEY, Parkdale.

WANTED.

TEACHER WANTED for the Pioneer school No. 113. Duties to commence not later than the 1st of April 1891. Term seven months, and if satisfactory will be engaged for a longer term.

Teachers will also be received up to the 15th of Feb. for Sch. Trustees, and Assessor. Apply to Secy. Pioneer School.

REINHOLD HENDERSON Secy. Moose Jaw, Jan. 24th, 1891.

THE DOMINION ILLUSTRATED, for the year 1891, offers a literary bill of fare that should make it as popular a journal as it is excellent. There are new and striking literary features. It is essentially a high class journal and is rapidly growing in public favor. The publishers have decided to distribute during the next six months over \$3,000 for answers to questions, the material for which will be found in current numbers of the journal. The first prize is \$750 in gold, and there are 59 others. On receipt of 12 cents in stamps the publishers (The Sabiston Litho. & Pub. Co., Montreal) will send to any address a sample copy of the journal and all particulars.

EDITORIAL EVIDENCE—Gentlemen,—Your Hagyard's Yellow Oil is worth its weight in gold for both internal and external use. During the late La Grippe epidemic we found it a most excellent preventive, and for sprained limbs, etc., there is nothing to equal it. WM. FENBERTON, Editor Delhi Reporter.

A NATURAL FILTER—The liver acts as a filter to remove impurities from the blood. To keep it in perfect working order use B. B. the great liver regulator.

I used two bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters for liver complaint, and can clearly say I am a well woman to-day.

Mrs. C. P. WILBY, Upper Otanog, N. B.

DARK AND SLUGGISH—Dark and sluggish describes the condition of bad blood. Healthy blood is ruddy and bright. To cure bad blood and its consequences, and to secure good blood and its benefits in the safest, surest and best way use Burdock Blood Bitters, strongly recommended by all who use it as the best blood purifier.

KNIGHTS OF LABOR—The Knights of Labor aim to protect their members against financial difficulties, etc. Hagyard's Yellow Oil protects all who use it from the effects of cold and exposure, such as rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago, sore throat and all inflammatory pain. Nothing compares with it as a handy brain cure for man and beast.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists. Price 25c per bottle.

## NORTHERN GROWN TREES

PORT ELGIN NURSERY.  
One and Two year old Apple Trees, and Varieties.  
\$5.00 Per Dozen (Post Paid).  
All kinds of Evergreen Trees, Grapes, Currants, Gooseberries, Raspberries, Blackberries, Strawberries, Asparagus, Rhubarb, etc. Catalogue and prospectus free. Send two 3 cent stamps to pay postage and receive Catalogue given also free.  
Box 35, JOHN WILSON, Port Elgin, Ontario.

## CHILDREN

Are always liable to sudden and severe colds, to croup, sore throat, lung fever, etc. Remedies, to be effective, must be administered without delay. Nothing is so adapted for such emergencies as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It soothes the inflamed membrane, promotes expectoration, relieves coughing, and induces sleep. The prompt use of this medicine has saved innumerable children of young and old.

Strangling.  
It had nearly ceased to breathe. Realizing that the child's alarming condition had become impossible in spite of the medicine it had taken, I reasoned that such remedies were of no avail. Having a part of a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in the house, I gave the child three doses, at short intervals, and anxiously waited results. From the moment the Pectoral was given, the child's breathing grew easier, and in a short time it was sleeping quietly and breathing naturally. To child is alive and well to-day, and I do not hesitate to say that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral saved its life.—C. J. Woodbridge, Worthington, Texas.

For colds, coughs, bronchitis, whooping cough, and the early stages of consumption, use

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists. Price 25c per bottle.

# Convention!

You are hereby requested to attend a Convention of Grits, Tories and Equal Righters to be held in the Building known as Annable's Store on Main Street, Moose Jaw. Sessions will be held

daily from 7 a. m. to 8 p. m. till further notice.

Credentials signed by the President of any claimed

Bank will be accepted.

Object of the meeting is to prove that Annable

and does sell Dry Goods, Groceries and Clothing at

fully Low Prices since they adopted the cash system.

M. E. ANNABLE

TENTS!

A WEBSTER'S DICTIONARY FREE.

To the People of Moose Jaw and Vicinity:

It gives us pleasure to inform you that we have completed arrangements whereby we are enabled to make you the following very liberal offer:

FREE to every customer who makes such a purchase of us, to the amount of \$50, one of these beautiful books. Notwithstanding our reputation has always been that we are the most enterprising merchants in this section, and that our store has always been found the Best Goods, the lowest prices, and the very best prices, we wish to impress the fact upon you that we are not trying to see how little but how much benefit we can give you in return for your custom.

Although a great many of these books will be given away, as practically amounting to a large discount on your purchase, our prices will be as low, if not lower, than ever before.

Thanking you for your past patronage, we hope by future enterprise liberality and fair dealings, to merit a continuance of the same.

Call and see books and get a card. Very truly yours,

E. A. BAKER & CO.,

— Wholesale and Retail Dealers in —

Staple and Fancy Groceries, Hardware, Paints, Oils, Etc.

We will also give away a Copy of Webster's Encyclopedia and World's Atlas to every Customer who makes Cash Purchases amounting to \$50

TENTS







# THE RIPPER'S KNIFE.

## Whitechapel Again The Scene of A Horrible Butchery.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—At 2.45 this morning a policeman on duty at Chambers street, Whitechapel, found the dead body of a young woman with her throat cut from ear to ear. The head was attached to the body by a small strip of skin. The body has been identified as a woman of pavements known as "Carrotty Nell," about 25 years old.

The report of the discovery of the body spread like an electric flash, and the place was soon thronged with hundreds of disolute men and women. The scene of the awful affair is a dark, gloomy archway known as Swallows Gardens, which forms a passageway from Little Mint street into Chambers street—an archway frequented as a thoroughfare by railway employees and stablemen, who work in the adjoining street. Notwithstanding the fact that at one time of the murder many of these workmen must have been within hearing of a cry of distress, no alarm was heard by any person so far as the police have been able to ascertain. The general appearance of the woman and the style of her clothes, which were of fair quality and lay in an orderly fashion about her body indicated that in life she had belonged to the class of abandoned women. Her hair was in an untidy condition. The police believe that the woman was murdered while standing talking to her associate, and that the "Ripper" had no time whatever to inflict the peculiar mutilations which have heretofore characterized his savage butcheries. Approaching footsteps they think caused him to take flight. When the body arrived at the Whitechapel mortuary the blood was found to be still warm. As soon as the body was discovered the police immediately cleared away the blood stains in the hope of restraining the sinister curiosity of the rapidly gathering crowds. A wooden cross having, however, been carved in the near woodwork to mark the spot, large numbers of people were flocking to the dim archway. A railway man has been found who states that as he passed through Swallow Garden this morning just before the murder, he saw the victim standing in the archway engaged in conversation with a man who had the appearance of being a foreign seaman. The police are now scouring vessels lying in the Thames.

LONDON, Feb. 18.—Col. Edward Bradford has at last an opportunity to prove the wisdom of Home Secretary Matthews in appointing him commissioner of Metropolitan police. His reputation for suppressing thuggism in India has a good deal to do with his selection for his present office and it is believed that the man who brought to justice and virtually exterminated the cunning murderers of Rajpootana would not be baffled, like his predecessor, in pursuit of the Whitechapel assassin. The police and public profess to be confident that he will unearth the murder of Carrotty Nell, and public opinion is equally confident that the murderer is Jack the Ripper, who came nearer being arrested red-handed than ever before. Experts who have studied the former crimes of the Ripper say there is no doubt that this latest murder must be added to the list of that wretch's enormities. Like the others this woman belonged to that unfortunate class. Another similarity is in the location of the crime, which was committed in a place comparatively public, and yet screened from immediate observation. The unfortunate woman of Whitechapel, who had got over the terror created by the murder of some time ago, are again fear-stricken and gather in groups to discuss the latest tragedy and wonder who will be the next victim. The location of the tragedy is near the city boundary, in the vicinity of the docks, and viler in some respects than the scenes of the Ripper's former crimes, being often resorted to by men and women who do not care to seek accommodation in lodgings. For this reason had not the officer actually stumbled over the body, the Ripper might have returned to his horrible work after the policeman had passed, and the officer's statement indicated that the murderer was waiting in the darkness with this object, when frightened into retreat by the officer's detection of the body. Constable Thompson is the most unhappy man in London to-night, as he feels that he had the most noted criminal of the age almost within his grasp. The inquest will be held to-morrow. Meantime the police and Sir Edward Bradford has spent all day in his office directing operations.

# Where the Fun Does Not Come in.

Tobogganing down on a slippery slide is the

blissfullest kind of bliss: But it isn't so funny when you strike a stone And land on your head.

\$750 in Gold.

The publishers of the DOMINION ILLUSTRATED are determined that the subscribers to that journal shall have no excuse for aimless reading. As an incentive to a careful study of the columns of their charming journal they will distribute during the next six months over \$3,000 in a prize competition. The reputation of the DOMINION ILLUSTRATED is an ample guarantee that faith will be kept with their subscribers. On receipt of 12 cents the publishers (The Sabiston Litho. & Pub. Co., Montreal) will forward to any address a sample copy of the journal and circular explaining their prize offer. The first prize is \$750 in gold and there are 100 in all. The smallest prize is \$5. Any dissatisfied prize winner may exchange a prize for the value in cash named in the prize list published.

## BURDOCK

Regulates the Stomach, Liver and Bowels, unlocks the Secretions, Purifies the Blood and removes all Impurities from a Pimple to the worst Scrofulous Sore.

## BLOOD

CURES DYSPEPSIA, BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, HEADACHE, SALT RHEUM, SCROFULA, HEART BURN, SORE THROAT, DIZZINESS, DROPSY, RHEUMATISM, SKIN DISEASES.

## BITTERS

BREAD-MAKER'S YEAST 5° NEVER FAILS TO GIVE SATISFACTION FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

## CHINESE LAUNDRY.

Fine Shirts, Collars and Cuffs,

A SPECIALTY.

No Extra Charge for Mending

and Sewing on Buttons.

LEE KEE.

## GET A FLAG



## SCHOOLHOUSE

The movement for hoisting the Canadian flag on the schoolhouses on anniversaries of noted events in our history is spreading rapidly throughout the Dominion and evoking the hearty approval of all patriotic citizens. Already

The Empire has done its share in helping on this movement, by awarding a handsome flag to one school in each county of Ontario, but the number of enquiries from all parts of the Dominion as to how flags can be obtained by other schools has determined the publishers of THE EMPIRE to offer a handsome

## CANADIAN FLAG

of best bunting, 12 feet long regular price \$15, as a premium for 20 yearly subscribers to the WEEKLY EMPIRE at \$1.00 or eight new yearly subscribers to THE DAILY EMPIRE at \$2.00 per annum or a proportion of each, one subscription to Daily counting for FOUR WEEKLIES. Every school in the Dominion ought to have a national flag, and this offer presents an opportunity for each obtaining it without cost, and with little trouble. Let those who are interested in getting a flag for their schoolhouse join in getting up a club, and while subscribers get full value for their money in the best newspaper in the Dominion, the school obtains the flag for FREE OF CHARGE. The WEEKLY EMPIRE has recently been enlarged to twelve pages, and is now, without doubt, the best weekly newspaper in Canada, while the reputation of THE DAILY EMPIRE as the leading morning journal of the Dominion is well known. Send for sample copies and special clubbing lists, and go in for a flag for your school, or club. ADDRESS THE EMPIRE, Toronto.

# TO CONSUMPTIVES

The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis, and all throat and lung Maladies. He hopes all sufferers will try his Remedy, as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address, Rev. Edward A. Wilson, Williamsburg, Kings County, New York.

PIMPLES. I will mail (FREE) on receipt of a 2 cent stamp, a receipt for a simple VEGETABLE BALM that will REMOVE TAN, FRECKLES, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, BLACK HEADS, ETC., leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful. Touch with this compound the soft lily cheek and the bright glow will test its virtuespeak. Also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face Address—A. D. STIMPLE, 45 Ann St., N. Y.

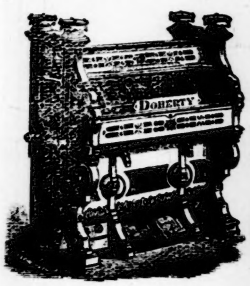
## St. John's College School,

## QU'APPELLE STATION, ASSA.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS Classical and Commercial Education; Pupils prepared for Teachers; University and other examinations; the new building which is furnished with every requisite will be opened on MAY 31st, 1890. For prospectus and term apply to

REV. W. NICOLLS.

# THE UNEQUALLED



## DOHERTY ORGAN,

Surpasses all others in

TOPE, FINISH, and TOUCH

FOR SALE AT

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## PROVIDENT LIFE

—AND—

## LIVE STOCK ASSOCIATION,

TORONTO ONT

The most successful association in Canada.

Second Year's Income, \$33,694.83

Amount of Claims Paid, \$3,399.54

R. L. ALEXANDER AGENT.

—Agent for—

Tomb Stones, Head Stones, &c.

## OCEAN TICKETS TO EUROPE.

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Allan, Dominion, Beaver, White Star, Cunard, Anchor, and all other Lines sailing from Halifax, Portland, Boston, New York, and Baltimore.

—Are on sale at the—

C. F. R. Station at Very Lowest Rates

Ask for Sailing Lists and Rates of Fare

Great Advantages Secured by taking Ocean Ticket from your local agent.

Great Savings effected by taking Round Trip Tickets.

Berths on any steamer engaged without CHARGE.

Prepaid Passages arranged from any part in Europe.

Apply to your nearest Agent, or to Robt. Kerr, G. L. Shreeve, Gen. Pass. Agt., Winnipeg, Moose Jaw

## ON 40 DAYS TRIAL

The Great Times for

## RUPTURE

This Fast cures Hernia as if your strained band was drawn together, closing the aperture. True is held put together without friction day and night, and tucked like a broken belt. There is no need to pay, until many Canadians found that this was the best and most reliable method of curing their hernia. Send stamp for full particulars. CLUB FEET. SPINAL CURVATURE. CHAS. CLUTHE. Patent and Manufacturing Co., Toronto, Ont. Largest stock of Crutches, Abdominal Girdles, Supporters, Shoulder Braces, etc., in the Dominion.

# FURNITURE

## MY STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE.

CALL AND SEE our \$20.00 Bedroom Suits, Oak and Walnut Sideboards, Plush Parlor Suites, Oak Dining Chairs, Rattan Rockers, Extension Tables and everything you wish in the furniture line. Chairs of all sorts 40 cts. and upwards.

## JOHN BELLAMY.

SETTLERS!

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SETTLERS

— CALL AND SEE MY STOCK OF —

## STOVES AND FURNITURE.

Evening, Roofing and General Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

—AGENT FOR—

The : Alaska : Sinitide : and : Superior : Jewel : FURNACES, THE BEST FURNACES MADE IN CANADA.

Estimates Furnished for Heating Buildings of any size

## JOHN BRASS,

Main Street

Opposite Post Office

## H. M'DOUGALL

—DEALER IN—

## LUMBER

—and a connections form the—

## SHORTEST AND MOST DIRECT ROUTE

to the—

## EAST AND WEST

Train equipment all new and of the latest and the newest design. Superior Sleeping and Dining Car Service.

Free Colonist Sleeping Cars on all through trains between the Atlantic and Pacific Coast.

Low Excursion Rates to the East via the Great Lakes. Steamers leave Port Arthur Tuesdays and Saturdays. Leave Moose Jaw every Sunday and Thursday

Going West.	Port Arthur	Going East.
Head Down.	WINNIPEG	Head Up.
11.30 A.M.	11.30 A.M.	11.30 A.M.
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11.30 A.M.	11.30 A.M.	11.30 A.M.
1.30 P.M.	1.30 P.M.	1.30 P.M.
3.30 P.M.	3.30 P.M.	3.30 P.M.
5.30 P.M.	5.30 P.M.	5.30 P.M.
7.30 P.M.	7.30 P.M.	7.30 P.M.
9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.
11.30 P.M.	11.30 P.M.	11.30 P.M.
1.30 A.M.	1.30 A.M.	1.30 A.M.
3.30 A.M.	3.30 A.M.	3.30 A.M.
5.30 A.M.	5.30 A.M.	5.30 A.M.
7.30 A.M.	7.30 A.M.	7.30 A.M.
9.30 A.M.	9.30 A.M.	9.30 A.M.
11.30 A.M.	11.30 A.M.	11.30 A.M.
1.30 P.M.	1.30 P.M.	1.30 P.M.
3.30 P.M.	3.30 P.M.	3.30 P.M.
5.30 P.M.	5.30 P.M.	5.30 P.M.
7.30 P.M.	7.30 P.M.	7.30 P.M.
9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.
11.30 P.M.	11.30 P.M.	11.30 P.M.
1.30 A.M.	1.30 A.M.	1.30 A.M.
3.30 A.M.	3.30 A.M.	3.30 A.M.
5.30 A.M.	5.30 A.M.	5.30 A.M.
7.30 A.M.	7.30 A.M.	7.30 A.M.
9.30 A.M.	9.30 A.M.	9.30 A.M.
11.30 A.M.	11.30 A.M.	11.30 A.M.
1.30 P.M.	1.30 P.M.	1.30 P.M.
3.30 P.M.	3.30 P.M.	3.30 P.M.
5.30 P.M.	5.30 P.M.	5.30 P.M.
7.30 P.M.	7.30 P.M.	7.30 P.M.
9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.
11.30 P.M.	11.30 P.M.	11.30 P.M.
1.30 A.M.	1.30 A.M.	1.30 A.M.
3.30 A.M.	3.30 A.M.	3.30 A.M.